

A novel approach to deliberative research



Making Waste Consultation Work

- Providing an alternative to landfill is a tricky business; consulting with the public on residual waste solutions can be even trickier
- For consultation to be meaningful people need to understand a <u>range of complex issues</u>

Phoenix Market Research & Consultancy has developed a successful approach to help you make the most of your consultation budget

Our approach

 We asked members of the public to participate in discussions about residual waste solutions, the issues that Councils must consider and the relative importance of those issues

What's the point of consultation when people don't understand the issues?

- By using a deliberative approach people have the time to understand the issues they are being consulted on
- By using a trade-off process people can appreciate the real decision-making dilemmas faced by Councils

What did we find out?

- Current perceptions and opinions about residual waste
- Factors the public consider most important and less important when considering solutions for residual waste
- Changes in perceptions and opinions after people have been informed as part of the deliberative process
- Effect of procurement stage on knowledge and attitudes

How can this help you?

The results of this kind of consultation can help identify:

Insight

Public preferences and key points of concern

Actions

Successful messages and approaches to inform the public

Solutions

Understanding of what drives public opinion

The finer detail

Why deliberative research?

Waste issues are highly technical as well as emotive

- Need to devote as much time to sharing information as to eliciting opinions
- Many competing and conflicting factors for Councils
 - and members of the public to weigh up
- Requires considerable moderator and expert input

Why trade-off?

Although a harder task for participants...
... and requires higher levels of engagement

- Presents choices between pairs of issues
- Mimics real decision-making process by making the choices explicit
- Quantifies the hierarchy of importance of factors

How did we do it?

18 Focus Groups, 2½ hours each

Locations selected to include Councils at different stages in procurement Participants recruited as hi/ lo social engagement in urban/ not urban areas

Step 1

- Initial briefing: verbal briefing, video, Q&A
- Spontaneous discussion of the issues

Step 2

- Information sharing: the options, issues & factors
- Further discussion

Step 3

Trade-off questionnaire of 13 detailed selection criteria

Plus

 A very short pre/post questionnaire: trade-off between 3 high-level criteria; Cost, Suitability and Environment

Selection Criteria

These issues are typical of those used by Councils

Environment Visual impact, Odour and noise, Traffic and health, Local community benefits, Impact on local economy	
Wider Environment Collection Services Impact on wider environment (pollution, climate environment) Impact on collection services; Other waste contracts; Partnership working Compliance & Monitoring Compliance & Monitoring Energy Recovery The Facility Flexibility Changes in waste; Improvements to the system	c.)
Compliance & Monitoring Compliance & Monitoring Compliance & Monitoring Compliance with regulations and emissions; Monitoring service impacts; Data management Energy Recovery The Facility Lead time; Life span Changes in waste; Improvements to the system	
Energy Recovery The Facility Flexibility Flexibility Flexibility impacts; Data management Energy efficiency; Electricity markets; Heat recovery Lead time; Life span Changes in waste; Improvements to the system	
The Facility • Lead time; Life span • Changes in waste; Improvements to the system	
Suitability Flexibility • Changes in waste; Improvements to the system	
Suitability	
Legislation • Changing waste legislation in UK and EU; Other legislation change	
Materials Recovery • Guaranteed and proven markets for material products recovered by-products	or
Planning • Land status; Planning risk; Centralised or dispersed solution	
Track Record of the Technology • Commercial and performance record of the technology	
Waste Management Company • Commercial track record; Capacity of the company	
Cost • Financial cost to build and operate (£)	

What we discovered

Residents had basic, local knowledge only

Most

· Already aware of landfill

Many

- Already aware that landfill produces harmful gases
- Already aware of incineration as an option; some local sites known

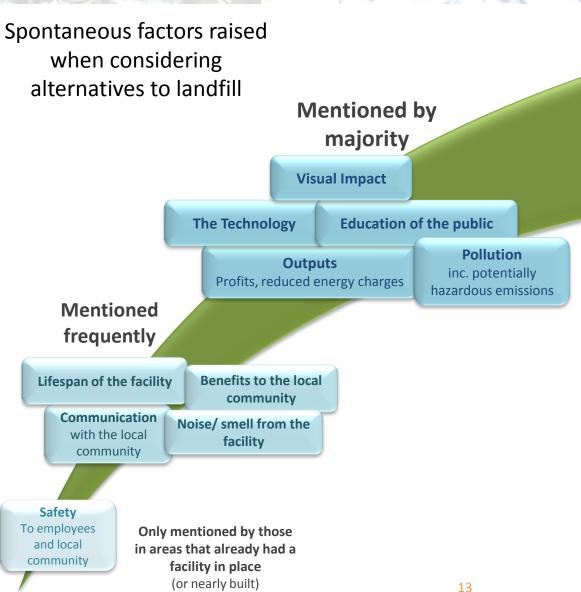
None

• Ever aware or involved in public consultation on waste

N.B. All knowledge very local... My street, My district (or nearby)

primarily from local media sources: TV, local paper, radio

Environment, local issues & cost top priorities



Location 'not in my backyard' greenfield vs. brownfield town vs. countryside Cost **Environmental** To build, run and impact upkeep the facility Traffic Increase in traffic, impact on road networks, access to the facility Mentioned by all

> Concerns and issues raised were homogenous across social engagement, gender, age and SEG

Trade-off shows relative importance...

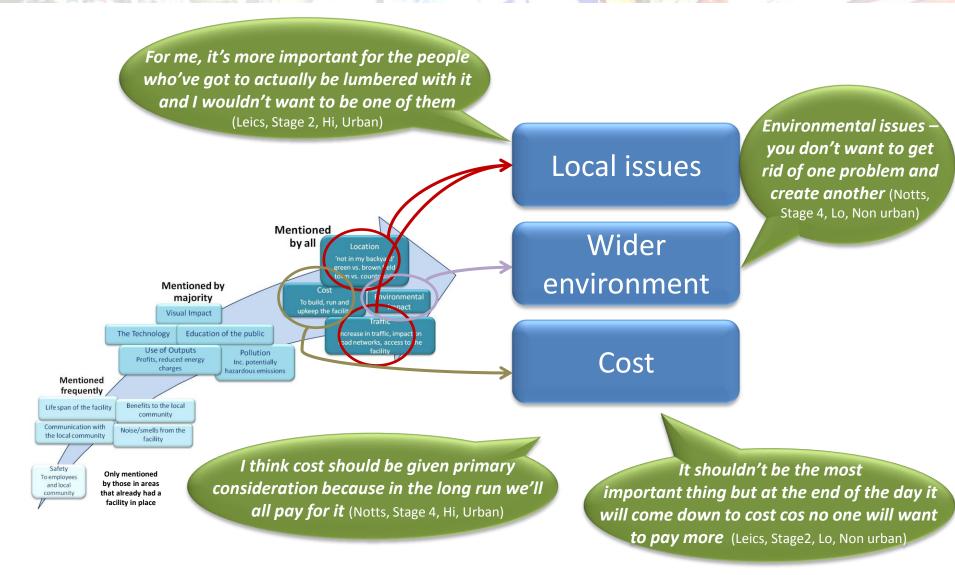
Detailed Criteria	%
Local Environmental & Community	8.4
Cost	8.3
Wider Environment	8.3
Planning	8.0
Energy Recovery	7.9
Track Record of the Technology	7.8
Compliance	7.7
The Facility	7.6
Flexibility	7.4
Materials Recovery	7.4
Waste Management Company	7.3
Legislation	7.0
Collection Services	6.8
Total weight	100.0

traded
importance by
procurement
stage, location,
gender, social
engagement...

Except Materials
Recovery:
significantly more
important to
urban (7.9%) vs.
non-urban (7.0%)

Base = 169

...and reflects issues raised spontaneously



Some differences after deliberation...

Environment

- most important pre and post deliberation
 - significantly higher after deliberation among high social engagement citizens

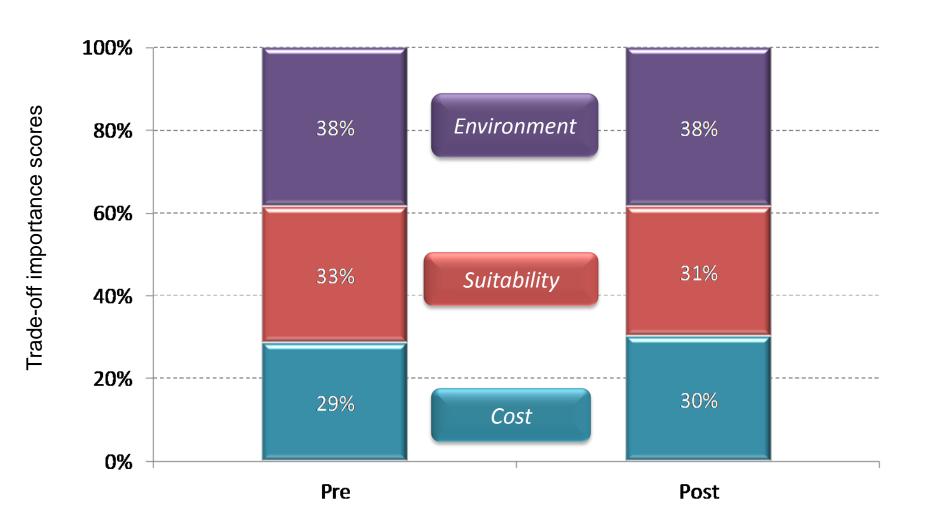
Suitability

- decreases in importance after deliberation
 - becomes increasingly important as procurement progresses

Cost

- increases in importance after deliberation
 - becomes less important as procurement progresses
 - increases in importance significantly among low social engagement

...though only small changes overall



The deliberation experience was positive

 Deliberation felt essential for seeing & understanding the 'big picture'

I think when you talk about it anyway you've got a better understanding of things and situations, and how it works, cos you know, if you don't read about it, you don't know, and often you're quite naive. So although [my opinions]'ve slightly changed, I think they've changed for the better (Leeds, Stage 2, Hi, Urban)

Benefit from discussion, not just being provided information

I always think I'm right on these things but I've discovered tonight that everybody's got different opinions (Leics, Stage 2, Hi, Urban) It's probably the fact
that you've had a little bit of debate
about it as well isn't it...you might perceive
a question to be one way, whereas after a bit
of discussion you think 'ooh I can see that
point of view' or you read it in a different

manner (Devon, Stage 3, Hi, Non Urban)

Rating issues without complete information relies on individuals' knowledge & preconceptions awarene

awareness of issues often limited or none at all

The trade-off exercise was challenging

Harder to decide between two options...
... especially as forced to choose one over the other

Some are very similar, you want to be right in the middle, they're both very important (Beds, Stage 1, Hi, Urban)

Cost and Wider Environmental Issues
I found quite difficult, I wanted to put it
right in the middle really
(Devon, Stage 3, Hi, Non Urban)

... but trade-off exercise delivered realism to the decision-making process and empathy for Councils

It's quite good that you can't sit on the fence, I can never understand why market research questions say 'I don't know' because what's the point? You've gotta go one way or the other (Essex, Stage 3, Hi, urban)

Although no difference in importance scores overall, patterns were distinguished within some subgroups when traded



More information, more communication please!

Consultation

people want to be involved...

...but shouldn't have to go looking for it

Perceptions

- public cynical about Councils
 - don't listen to the public
 - seen as poor at communicating with the public
 - residual waste solutions a national issue
 - · should be dealt with centrally

Waste Technologies

- people want to know more
 - independent, unbiased information pre-empts misconceptions



Recycling is great but...

- Residual waste is part of the broader waste & resource issue; not to be viewed in isolation
 - Call for legislation to compel manufacturers, retailers, businesses to reduce packaging
- Residual waste facility shouldn't divert from 3Rs
- Reduce>Reuse>Recycle message has been grasped by public...

...now call to action!

R1:You have to get it built!

R2: Get on with it!

(Beds, Stage 1, Hi, Urban)

This deliberative process provides...

Insight

Public preferences and key points of concern

Actions

Successful messages and approaches to inform the public

Solutions

Understanding of what drives public opinion

Phoenix MRC provides...

Quality

 A consultation process that stands up to scrutiny

Experience

Tried and tested approach

Value for money

Making the most of your consultation budget

About Phoenix MRC

Tailored solutions

each project designed exclusively to suit your needs

- Established 1994, independently owned
- Comprehensive research toolkit: qualitative, quantitative, consultation, observation
- Extensive in-house resource: research expertise, PMRC interviewer network, specialist software
- Professional throughout: ISO20252, MRS Company Partner



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